

11 Days 10 Nights

Urumqi / Turpan / Hami / Dunhuang / Jiayuguan / Lanzhou / Xian

Day 01 Malaysia / Guangzhou / Urumqi

(Dinner)

Reached the beautiful capital of Xinjiang, **Urumqi** start a pleasant journey! China's five autonomous regions of Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region is the largest, most ethnic minorities, most visit place of the Silk Road tour.



Day 2 Urumqi / Tian / Turpan

(BLD)

Morning visit to the peak in the Tianshan Mountains Bo Geda under the arms of the **Tianshan Tianchi** also known as the **Jade Pool**, Tian approximately 4.95 square kilometers, the legend of the Western Zhou Dynasty and the Queen Mother of the meet here; take a cruise between the garden and landscape. Beautiful intake you can free the lens, or walk in the path of steep mountains, away from the city clamor, bustling outside. To the West's largest bazaar - **International Bazaar**, and cultural crossroads of the land. After the transfer to China, most low-lying land, the Department, "Fire Island" - **Turpan**.



Day 3 Turpan / Flaming Mountain

(BLD)

After breakfast, visit the world's oldest, is the best protection of **Ancient city of Gao**, ride a donkey cart tour, here from the temples, government offices, towers, houses and workshops and other buildings. Journey to the West was the best point of deification of the **Flaming Mountain** photography, stretching 100 kilometers of red sandstone, I really like to be ruthless flames Shaolian before. Continued transfer to the **Thousand-Buddha Cave Creek Park** child, there are 77 existing caves, in this writing done in the scenery in the Western Buddhist, but gradually faded history. Rise and Fall of the history of Buddhism and Western Regions is no doubt a spit. After dinner, enjoy the authentic **Uyghur song and dance performances**.



Day 4 Turpan / Hami

(BLD)

After breakfast, transfer to visit ten kilometers long, half a kilometer wide corridor - the old Grape Valley Water - **Karez**, the design water projects is for the benefit of Uygur people. Then visit the **Tower Soviet Public**, which was built in AD 1778, the unique architectural style and geometry tower of Islam is the biggest ancient pagoda existing in Xinjiang. Then, visit the **Grassland of Balikun** where most camels, and horses are also in Xinjiang. After that, returned to the **Tomb of Hami**; continue to the **Farmers Market** for shopping, experience a different exotic eastern Xinjiang.



Day 5 Hamilton / Dunhuang

(BLD)

After breakfast, transfer to visit the **Mingsha** is a desert, riding ship of the desert - the camel, visit **Crescent Lake**, Crescent Lake in the Mingsha arms of the vast desert among the pavilions. Coupled with the undulating sand hills, clear spring water, scenery is great wonders of nature. After that, visit to the **Factory of Magic Cup**, this cup is made of jade with a prayer Hill, in this production process to see Magic Cup, to understand the history of grape wine Remanbar reason.



Day 6 Dunhuang / Jiayuguan / Jiuquan

(BLD)

After breakfast, transfer to visit first grottoes in China - **Mogao Grottoes**, is the treasure house of grotto art in China now the largest and most comprehensive one, has been listed by UNESCO as World Heritage. **Jiayuguan Tower**, this tower Xing Ming Hongwu years, though the westernmost points of the Great Wall, but even earlier than the time Shanhaiguan completed.



Day 7 Jiuquan / Zhangye / Wuwei

(BLD)

After breakfast, transfer to visit the **Jiuquan Park** also known as Spring Lake Park, located 2 km east of Jiuquan City, for park named in Jiuquan, more than two thousand years of history. Now a set of classical gardens, natural lakes, culture, recreation, fun entertainment with integrated park. Jiuquan, in spring because of the legend of gold, also known as "Gold Spring." Continued drive to Zhangye, visit the famous **Big Buddha Temple**. Formerly known as ShiJiaMuni Buddha, was founded in Western Xia Yong six years, the temple has a sideways release Jia Muni, like Nirvana, lifelike. Continued the drive to Wuwei. Upon arrival, visit the **Haizhang Temple** at Wuwei city in the northwest, is a more complete existing historic building, west of the temple is the temple, is a provincial-level key protection units.



Day 8 Wuwei / Lanzhou

(BLD)

Proceed to the capital of Gansu Province, Lanzhou City. Upon arrival, visit **Yellow River Bridge**, the bridge has been built on the Yellow River is the first iron bridge knot A, is the landmark of the city of Lanzhou. After this visit to **Waterwheel Park Yellow**, visit the ancient land of water tankers for irrigation in Lanzhou, the Ming Dynasty, "Duan added," had made, shaped like old-style wheels. After the visit gave birth to sons and daughters of the mother as Yellow River. After the visit **Baita Mountain Park** up to White Pagoda Temple.

Day 9 Lanzhou / Tianshui

(BLD)

After breakfast, located in the southeast of Tianshui, Gansu Province, is the Silk Road in the city. Upon arrival, go to "China's four grottoes," one of the **Maijishan Grottoes**, which is a typical landform, because the form is named after farmer rick. Onward to commemorate the visit to admire the human ancestor of the Chinese meaning of Temple, this is the underlying meaning of China's largest worship buildings.

Day 10 Tianshui / Baoji / Xian

(BLD)

After breakfast, travel to 120 kilometers away from Xi'an **Famen** (including the Treasures from the Museum), release Jia Muni Buddha Temple possession phalanx of the Tang Dynasty relics and a large number of precious cultural relics, there are thousands of pieces of the emperor's imperial Tang Dynasty Treasures. After going to known as "the world's four ancient capitals," said Xian.



Day 11 Xian / Guangzhou / Malaysia

(B)

Today we bid farewell to Xi'an, parting before we boarded the Ming Dynasty, the construction of the ancient city wall of Xi'an, is the world's existing largest and most complete ancient military castle facilities. After transfer to airport for flight transfer back to your home.

CAN11CZ-14-SILK-E